

BLOCKCHAIN & CRYPTO-ASSETS

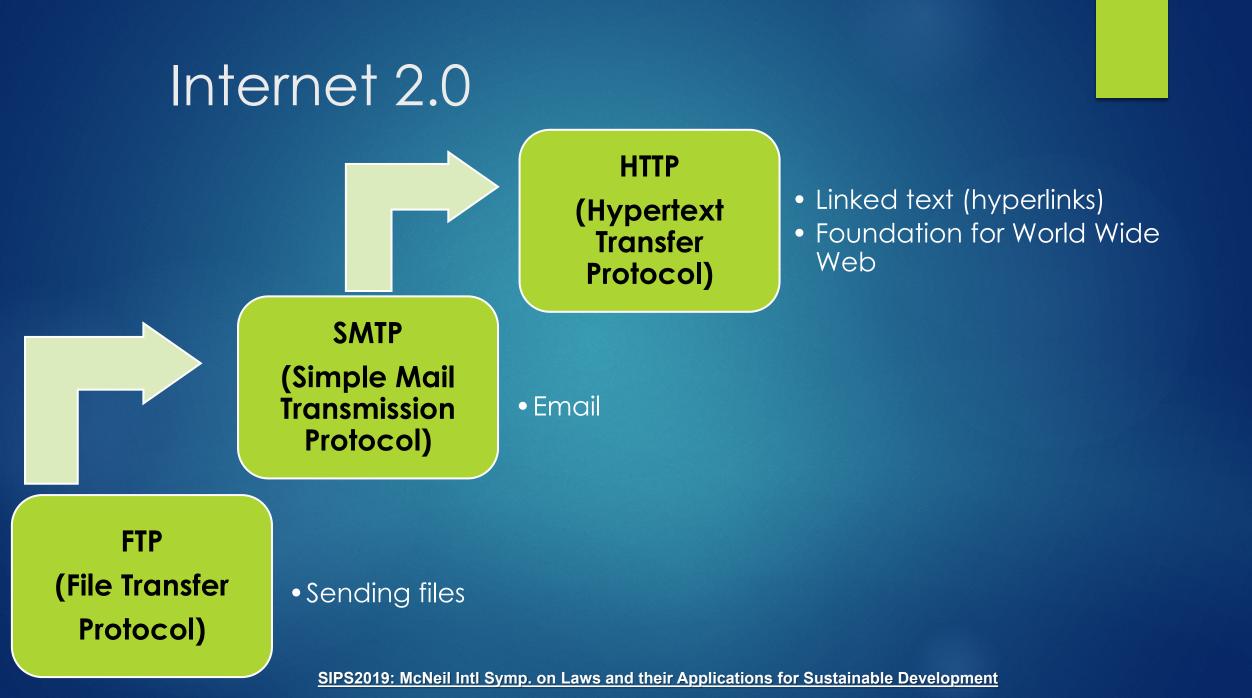
SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS REVOLUTIONS THROUGH TRUSTLESS TRANSACTIONS

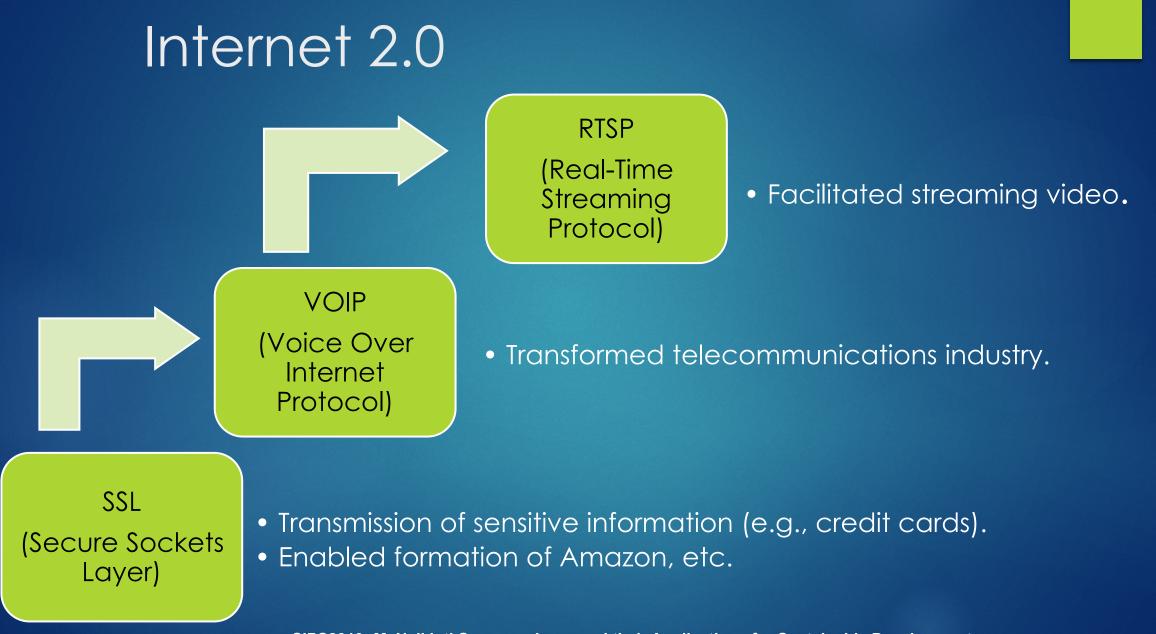
WILLIAM S. WENZEL, ESQ., OWNER, RED ROAD LEGAL, PC

Internet 2.0



Peer-to-peer money transfer protocol





Internet 2.0

Previously:

Now:



Online banks & payment services required to transfer money. Requires "real-world" processing, delay, & cost.



People can send actual currency *directly* to one another without any intermediary.

Immediate with extremely low cost.

Record of transactions. No "double-spend" problem.

Using a "Money Transfer Protocol."



Borrowing & Lending with crypto-asset collateral

Global Cryptocurrency Market Cap:



\$218B USD

(as of Oct. 3, 2019 via coinmarketcap.com)

Global Cryptocurrency Market Cap:

≈834,000 Lamborghinis



UCC Article 9 (Secured Transactions)

§9-102 (9) et. seq.
"Cash Proceeds":
means proceeds that are money...

(e.g., Cryptocurrency in shared wallets or escrow)

UCC Article 9 (Secured Transactions)

§9-102 (15) et. seq. "Commodity Contract":

- futures contract, an option on ...futures contract, a commodity option, or another contract ... traded on ... a board of trade ...

(e.g., CFTC-traded Bitcoin Futures)

UCC Article 9 (Secured Transactions)

§9-102 (49) et. seq. "Investment Property":

- means a security, whether certificated or uncertificated, security entitlement, securities account...

(e.g., SEC-designated security tokens)

UCC Article 9 (Secured Transactions)

§9-102 (49) et. seq. "Investment Property":

 means a security, whether certificated or uncertificated, security entitlement, securities account...

(e.g., SEC-designated security tokens)

UCC Article 9 (Secured Transactions)



(e.g., distribution rights arising from security tokens)

Current Crypto-asset Lenders



 ETHLend® – Institutional or peerto-peer lending

Current and Future Blockchain/DLT Uses



How to make and save money with blockchain/DLT



"Oracle"

A trusted source that provides information to the blockchain

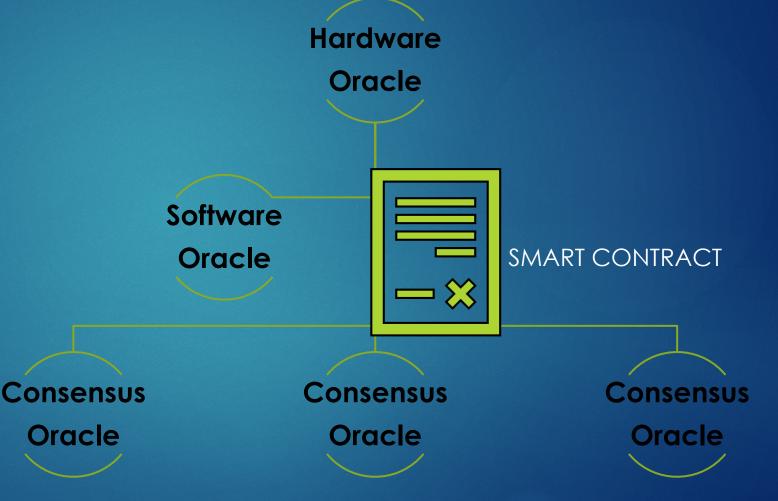
"Oracle"

A trusted source that provides information to the blockchain

- Hardware: Sends information as the result of an occurrence in the physical world (e.g., RFID chips)
- Software: Sends information that is accessible electronically (e.g., Uploading from database or website)
- **Consensus:** Any type of oracle that queries multiple oracle sources to develop an outcome based on consensus (e.g., multiple sources that identify the temperature in a certain city)

"Oracle"

A trusted source that provides information to the blockchain



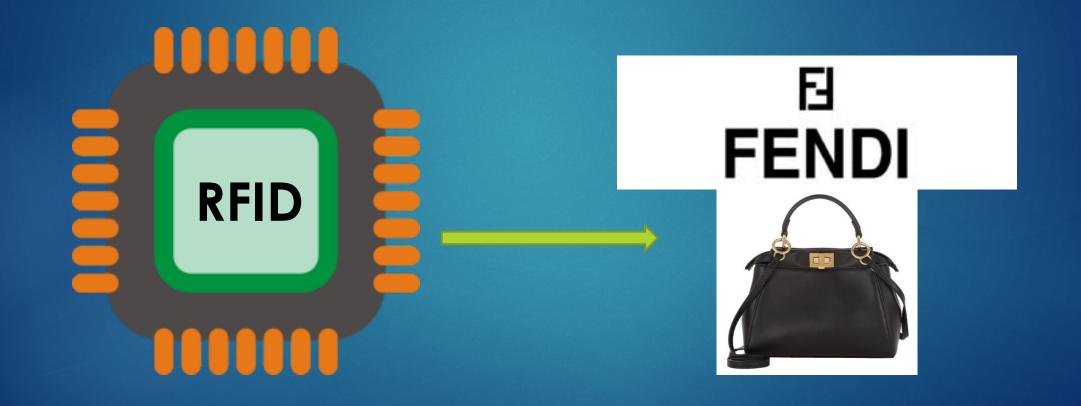


CHEMICALS

LUXURY ITEMS

MINERALS

INGREDIENTS







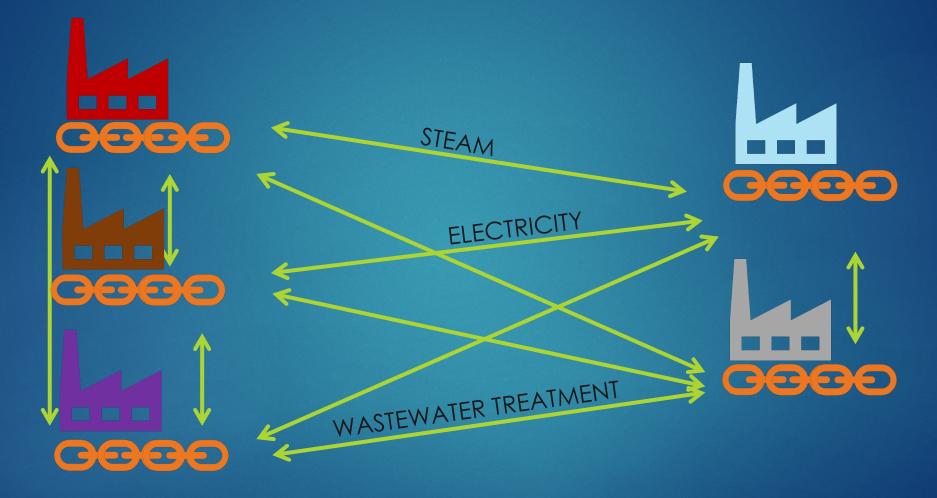
Chemical Industry

Managing Chemical Parks

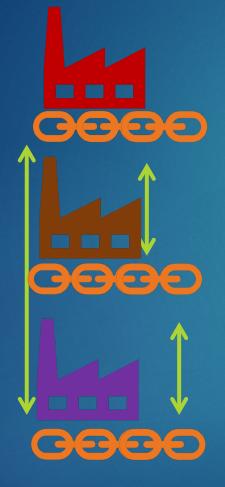
Chemical Industry Managing Chemical Parks



Chemical Industry Managing Chemical Parks – Enabling Shared Infrastructure



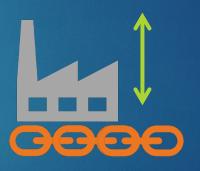
Chemical Industry Managing Chemical Parks – Enabling Shared Infrastructure



Distributed Ledger:

Dynamic adaptation of pricing through smart contracts

Immutable & trustworthy record of events



Energy Grid

Smart Grid Energy Sharing

Energy Grid Smart Grid Energy Sharing

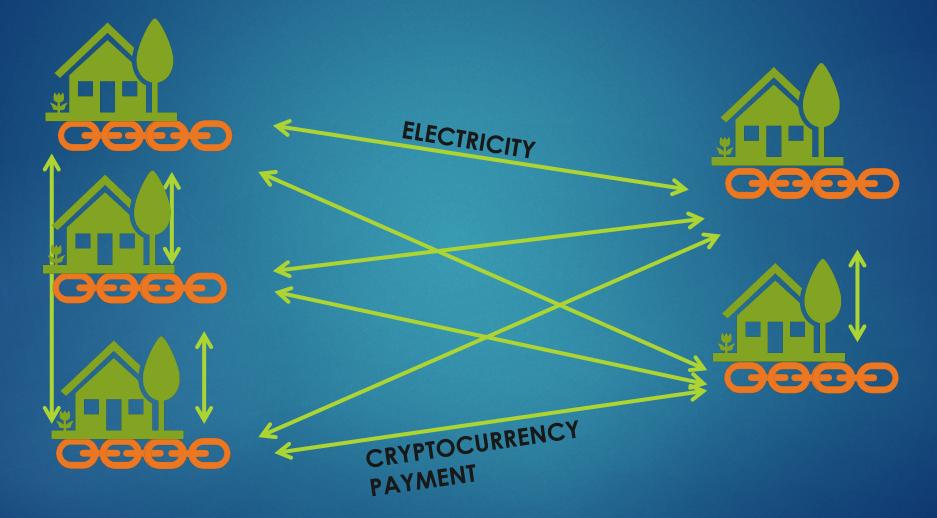


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Energy Grid Smart Grid Energy Sharing



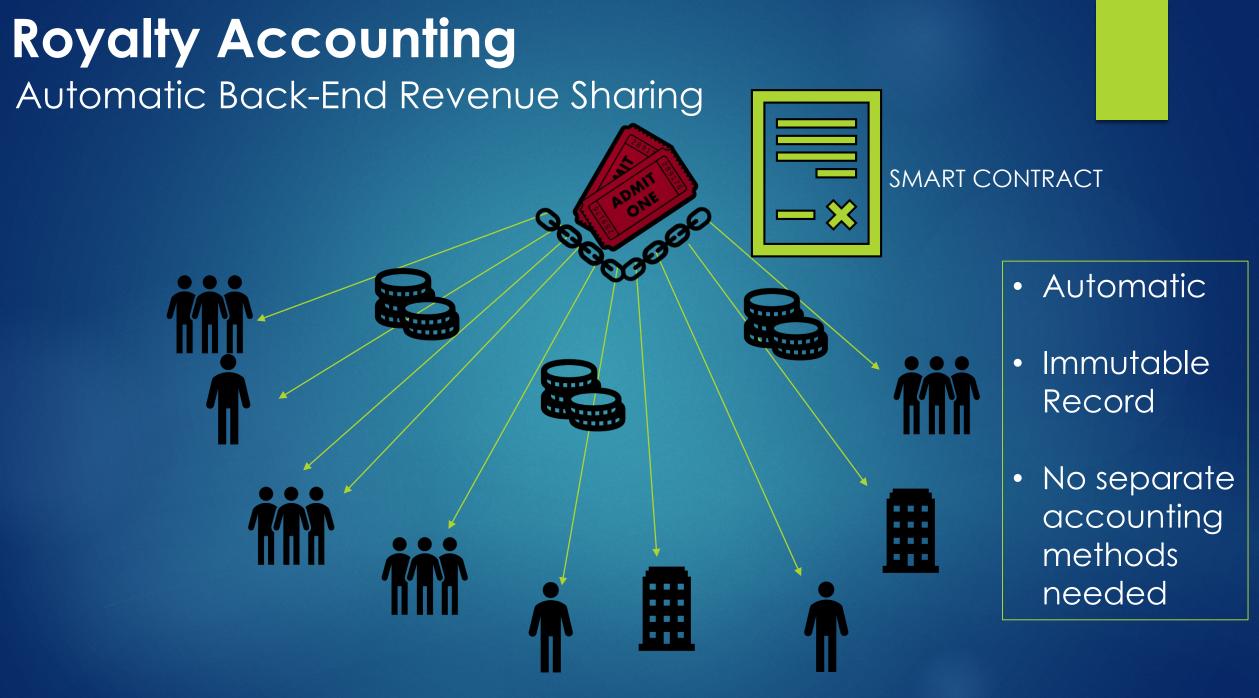
Royalty Accounting

Automatic Back-End Revenue Sharing

Royalty Accounting Automatic Back-End Revenue Sharing

ADN

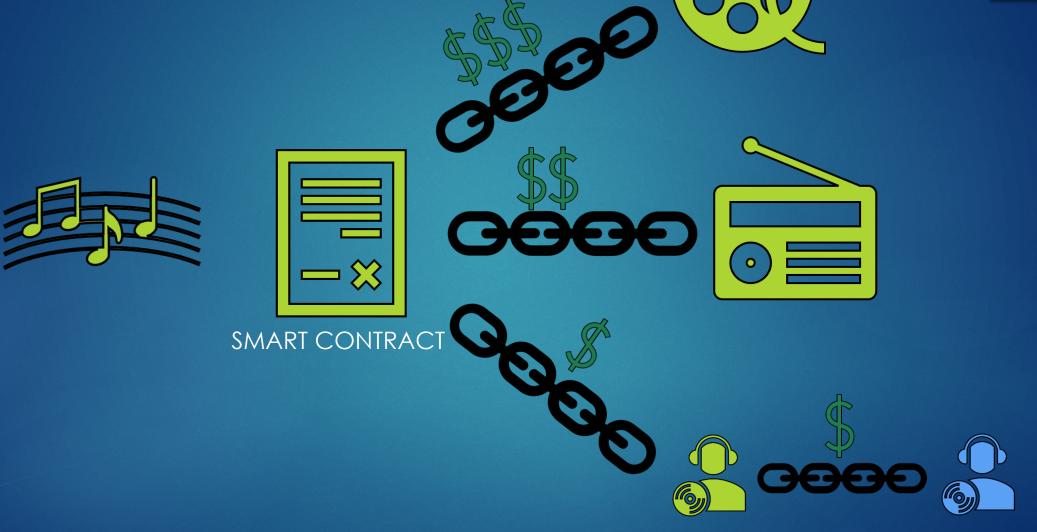
Studio Accounting



Intellectual Property

Direct-Licensing IP & Unique-Item Tracking

Intellectual Property Direct-Licensing IP



Intellectual Property Unique Item Tracking

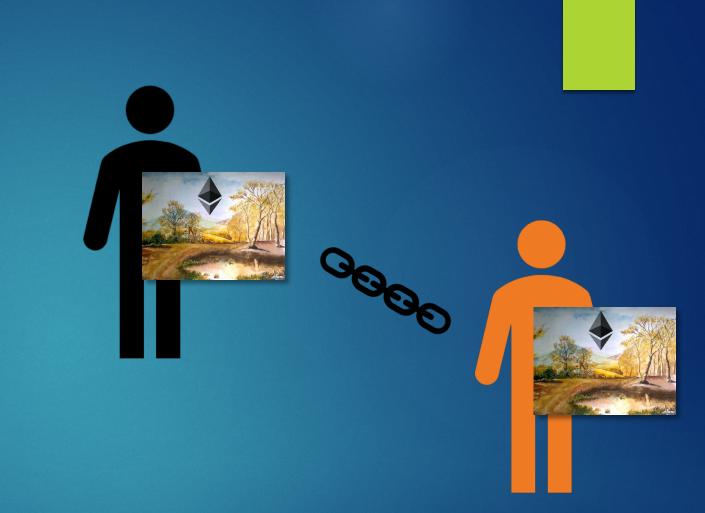




Intellectual Property Unique Item Tracking



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Intellectual Property Unique Item Tracking

SIPS2019: McNeil Intl Symp. on Laws and their Applications for Sustainable Development

U

SOC

Scientific Research

Efficiency, Reliability & Accuracy

Scientific Research Efficiency, Reliability & Accuracy

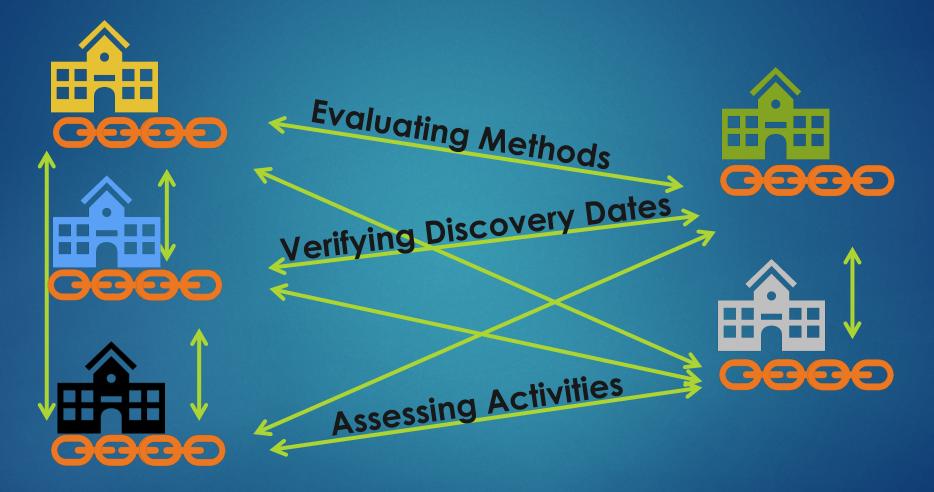
Statistical Analysis

Data Uploads

• Peer Reviews

Manuscript Submissions

Scientific Research Efficiency, Reliability & Accuracy



Scientific Research Efficiency, Reliability & Accuracy



Distributed Ledger:

Increased Transparency

Immutable & trustworthy record of events

Efficient use of funds

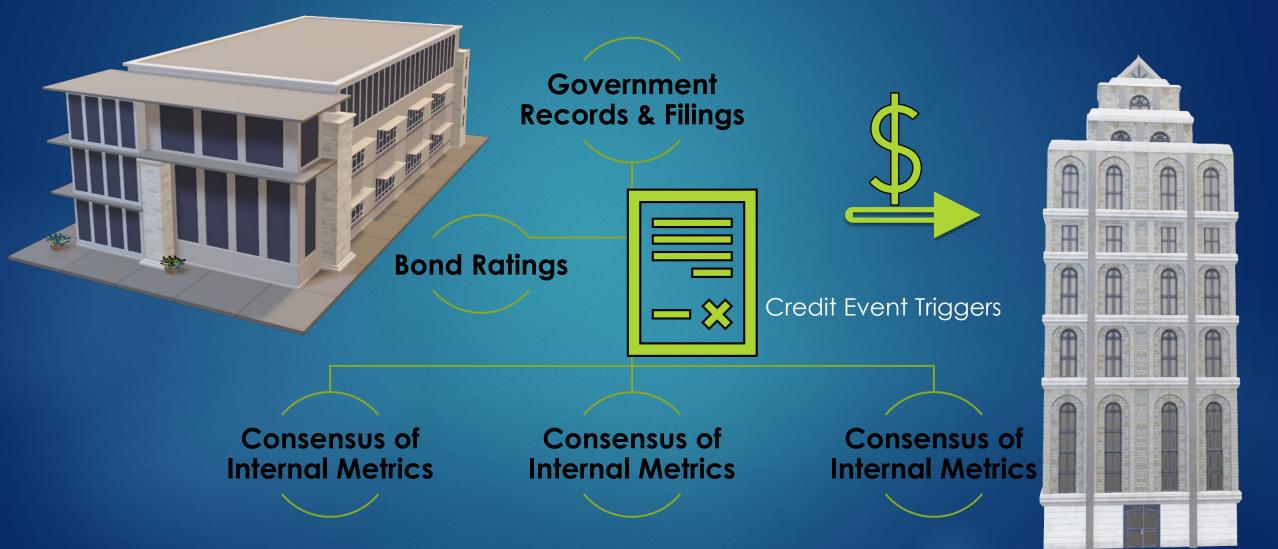




Insurance

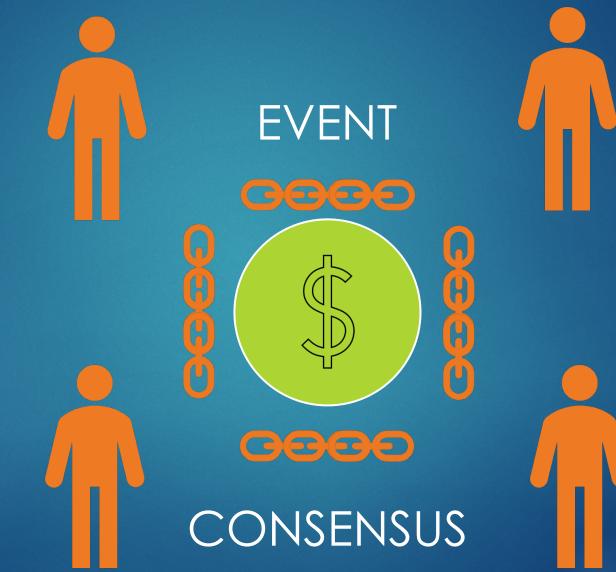
Efficient Insurance & Self-Insured Groups

Insurance Efficient Insurance



Insurance Self-Insured Groups

Insurance Self-Insured Groups

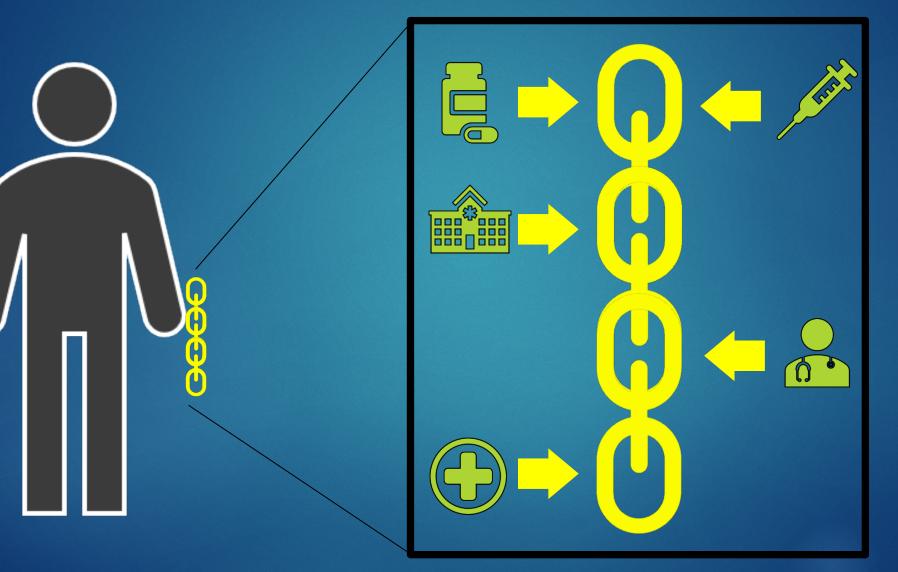


Insurance Self-Insured Groups

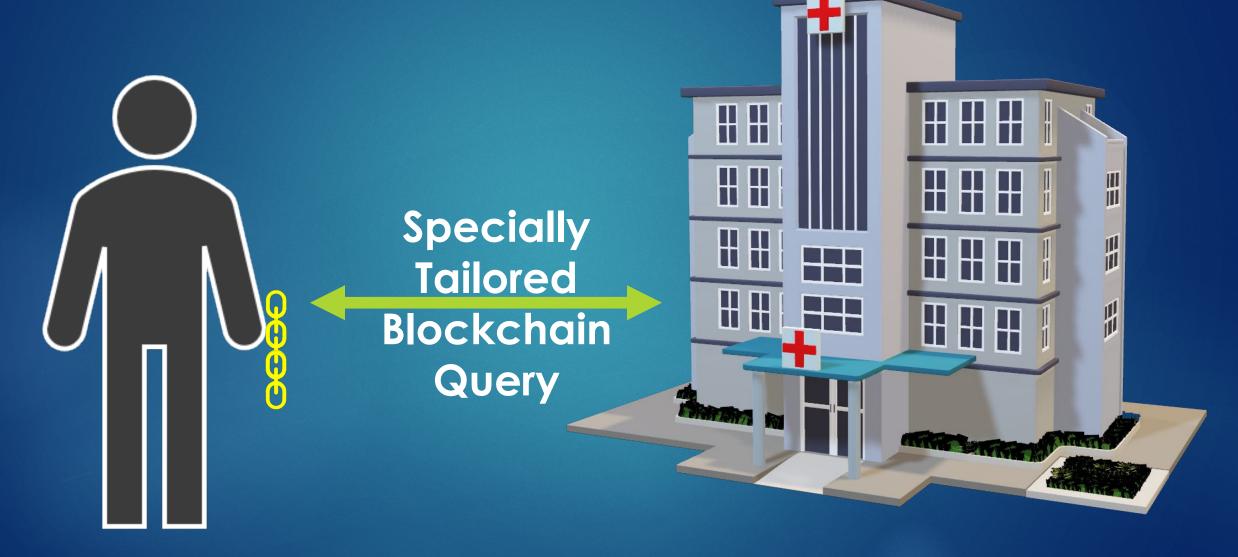
Healthcare

Individualized Record Keeping

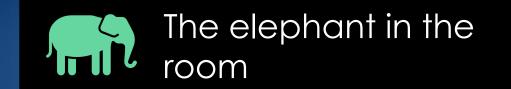
Healthcare Individualized Record Keeping



Healthcare Individualized Record Keeping



Implementation Reality









General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

(Art. 4) **Pseudonymisation**:

"'Pseudonymisation' means the processing of personal data in such a manner that the personal data can no longer be attributed to a specific data subject without the use of additional information..."



General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

Pseudonymisation through Smart Contracts:

- "Blacklist" certain data: information won't be served when requested;
- "Masking" sensitive data
- "Forgetting" encryption keys
- Setting Transactions to "unsolveable" private key by choosing random public key
 - may not satisfy strict reading of "erasure"

General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

Pseudonymisation through Smart Contracts:

Only put **hashes** onto blockchain, retain personal data on centralized server:

- (Derivations of personal data)
- Impossible to reverse-engineer represented data
- Used to verify existence of underlying data
 - E.g.: is X item original? Yes or no
- Data on server can be erased



Thank You!

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